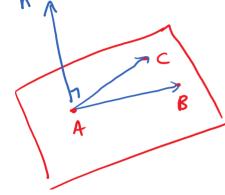
Bring music learplugs Test Review

Ex: Find normal form of the plane through A= (1,2,3), B= (6,5,4) and C=(3,-3,-3).



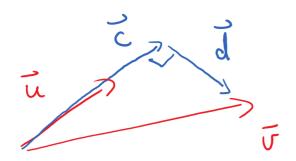
$$\vec{A}\vec{B} = [5,3,1]$$
 Think B-A
 $\vec{A}\vec{c} = [2,-5,-6]$

$$n = AB \times AC$$
 $= [-13, 32, -31]$
 $5 3 \times 1 \times 5 \times 3$
 $2 - 5 - 6 2 - 5$

$$\vec{n} \cdot \vec{\lambda} = \vec{n} \cdot \vec{\rho}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -13 \\ 32 \\ -31 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -13 \\ 3z \\ -31 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ z \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Ex: let
$$\bar{u} = [1,-1,2]$$
 and $\bar{r} = [3,0,4]$
Find \bar{c} and \bar{d} so that:
 \bar{c} is parallel to \bar{u} ,
 \bar{d} "perpendicular to \bar{u} ,
and $\bar{r} = \bar{c} + \bar{d}$



Ex: Volume of parallelepiped formed
by
$$\overline{u} = [-4, 2, 3]$$
, $\overline{v} = [2, 1, 2]$
and $\overline{w} = [3, -3, 6]$?

$$= \left| -4 \left| \frac{1}{-3} \right| - 2 \left| \frac{2}{3} \right| + 3 \left| \frac{2}{3} \right| - 3 \right|$$

$$\left[+ - + \right]$$

$$= (-4(12) - 2(6) + 3(-9))$$