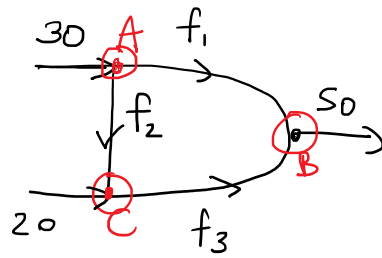


## Section 2.4

Ex:



e.g. vehicles/hour

Assume flows are non-negative  
Find all possible flows.

Inflow = outflow

$$\begin{array}{l}
 A: \\
 B: \\
 C:
 \end{array}
 \left\{
 \begin{array}{l}
 30 = f_1 + f_2 \\
 f_1 + f_3 = S_0 \\
 20 + f_2 = f_3 \rightarrow f_2 - f_3 = -20
 \end{array}
 \right.$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c}
 f_1 & f_2 & f_3 & \\
 \hline
 \textcircled{1} & 1 & 0 & 30 \\
 1 & 0 & 1 & S_0 \\
 0 & 1 & -1 & -20
 \end{array}$$

$$R_2 - R_1 \quad \begin{array}{ccc|c}
 1 & 1 & 0 & 30 \\
 0 & \textcircled{-1} & 1 & 20 \\
 0 & 1 & -1 & -20
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{R_2}{(-1)} \quad \begin{array}{ccc|c}
 1 & 1 & 0 & 30 \\
 0 & \textcircled{1} & -1 & -20 \\
 0 & 1 & -1 & -20
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 R_1 - R_2 \\
 R_3 - R_2
 \end{array}
 \quad \begin{array}{ccc|c}
 f_1 & f_2 & f_3 & \\
 \hline
 \textcircled{1} & 0 & 1 & S_0 \\
 0 & \textcircled{1} & -1 & -20 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0
 \end{array}$$

REF

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \uparrow \\
 \boxed{f_3 = t}
 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{f_3 = t}$$

$$f_1 + f_3 = 50 \rightarrow \boxed{f_1 = 50 - t}$$

$$f_2 - f_3 = -20 \rightarrow \boxed{f_2 = -20 + t}$$

Ensure flows are non-negative:

$$f_1: 50 - t \geq 0 \rightarrow 50 \geq t \rightarrow t \leq 50$$

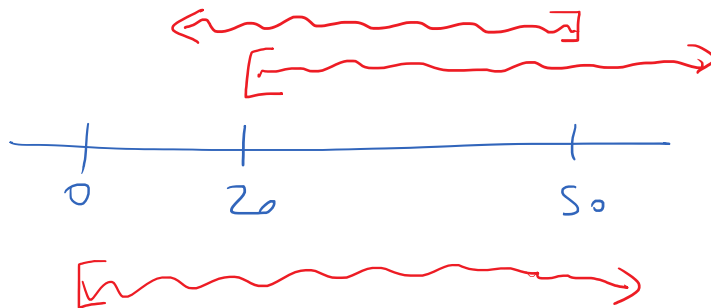
AND

$$f_2: -20 + t \geq 0 \rightarrow t \geq 20$$

AND

$$f_3: t \geq 0$$

$$\boxed{20 \leq t \leq 50}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} f_1 \\ f_2 \\ f_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 50 \\ -20 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (20 \leq t \leq 50)$$

Ex: Set up, but don't solve

	UNITS OF FOOD Strain I	CONSUMED II	PER DAY III
Food A	2	2	1
B	1	2	0
C	1	3	1

Lab has 2300 units of Food A  
 800 " " B  
 1500 " " C

How many bacteria of each strain can consume all of the food in one day?

Let  $x = \#$  of bacteria of Strain I  
 $y =$  " " II  
 $z =$  " " III

Equations:

$$\text{Food A: } 2x + 2y + 4z = 2300$$

$$\text{B: } x + 2y = 800$$

$$\text{C: } x + 3y + z = 1500$$

FYI  $\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 100 \\ 350 \\ 350 \end{bmatrix}$

## Section 2.3 Linear Independence

Consider  $c_1 \bar{u} + c_2 \bar{v} + c_3 \bar{w} = \bar{0}$

$$c_1 = c_2 = c_3 = 0$$

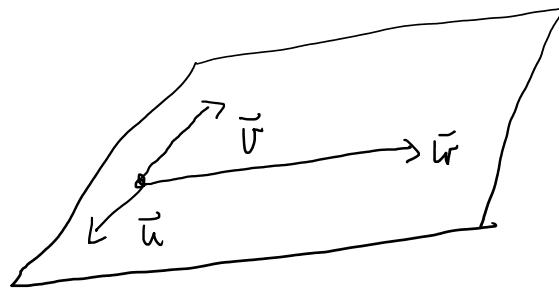
$\bar{u}, \bar{v}, \bar{w}$  are linearly independent

$$c_1 = c_2 = c_3 = 0 \text{ and other solutions}$$

$\bar{u}, \bar{v}, \bar{w}$  are linearly dependent

# Quick Ex:

a)

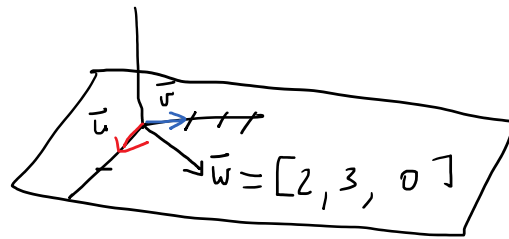


$$\vec{v} = -2\vec{u}$$

$$2\vec{u} + \vec{v} + 0\vec{w} = \vec{0}$$

$\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}$  are linearly dependent  
 $\{\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}\}$  is linearly dependent

b)

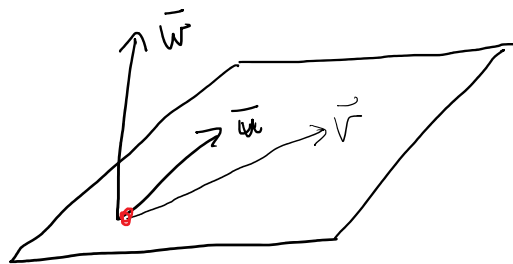


$$\vec{w} = 2\vec{u} + 3\vec{v}$$

$$-2\vec{u} - 3\vec{v} + \vec{w} = \vec{0}$$

$\{\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}\}$  is linearly dependent  
 $\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}$  are "

c)



$\{\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}\}$  is linearly independent  
 $\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}$  are "

$$C_1\vec{u} + C_2\vec{v} + C_3\vec{w} = \vec{0}$$

$$\Rightarrow c_1 = c_2 = c_3 = 0$$

Ex: a)  $\{\bar{u}, \bar{v}, \bar{w}\}$  is linearly independent  
Is  $\{\bar{u}, \bar{v}\}$  linearly independent?  
**YES**

GIVEN:  $c_1 \bar{u} + c_2 \bar{v} + c_3 \bar{w} = \vec{0} \Rightarrow c_1 = 0, c_2 = 0, c_3 = 0$

CONCLUDE:  $c_1 \bar{u} + c_2 \bar{v} = \vec{0} \Rightarrow c_1 = 0, c_2 = 0$

b)  $\{\bar{u}, \bar{v}, \bar{w}\}$  is linearly independent.  
Is  $\{\bar{u}, \bar{v}, \bar{w}, \bar{x}\}$  linearly independent?  
**MAYBE**

e.g.  $\bar{x} = 2\bar{u} \rightarrow -2\bar{u} + 0\bar{v} + 0\bar{w} + \bar{x} = \vec{0}$   
Linearly Dependent

e.g.  $\bar{u} = [1, 0, 0, 0]$   $\bar{v} = [0, 1, 0, 0]$   $\bar{w} = [0, 0, 1, 0]$   
 $\bar{x} = [0, 0, 0, 1]$  Linearly Independent

$$c_1 \bar{u} + c_2 \bar{v} + c_3 \bar{w} + c_4 \bar{x} = \vec{0}$$
$$\Rightarrow c_1 = c_2 = c_3 = c_4 = 0$$