

7.3 Best-Fit Curves

Ex: Find the best-fit line through

x	y
0	4
2	7
3	9

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x$$

(a_0, a_1 are the variables)

$$1(a_0) + x(a_1) = y$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & x \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}^* = (A^T A)^{-1} A^T \vec{b}$$

$$A^T A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 5 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(A^T A)^{-1} = \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 13 & -5 \\ -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}^* = (A^T A)^{-1} A^T \vec{b}$$

$$= \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 13 & -5 \\ -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 13 & -5 \\ -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 41 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{14} \begin{bmatrix} 55 \\ 23 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 55/14 \\ 23/14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x$$

$$y = \frac{55}{14} + \frac{23}{14} x$$

Ex: Find the best-fit curve $P = Ce^{kt}$ through:

t	P
1	7
2	27
4	360

$$P = Ce^{kt}$$

$$\ln P = \ln C + \ln e^{kt}$$

($\ln C, k$ are variables)

$$1(\ln C) + tk = \ln P$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & t \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \ln C \\ k \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \ln P \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}}_A \begin{bmatrix} \ln C \\ k \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \ln 7 \\ \ln 27 \\ \ln 360 \end{bmatrix}}_{\vec{b}}$$

$$\vec{x}^* = (A^T A)^{-1} A^T \vec{b}$$

⋮

$$\approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.651 \\ 1.311 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.651 \\ 1.311 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \ln C \\ k \end{bmatrix} \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0.651 \\ 1.311 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\ln C \approx 0.651$$

$$C \approx e^{0.651} \approx 2$$

$$k \approx 1$$

$$P = Ce^{kt}$$

$$P = 2e^t$$

Exam Review

Ex:

(Section 3.5)

A has RREF = $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Find rank(A) and nullity(A)

non-zero rows
in RREF / RRREF

$$\text{rank}(A) = 3$$

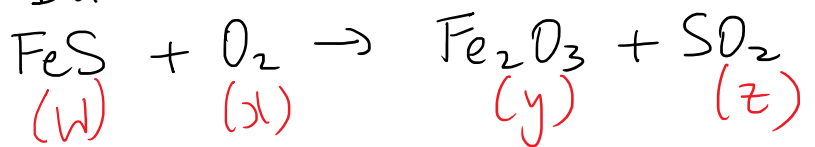
parameters
in solution
to $A\vec{x} = \vec{0}$

$$\text{nullity}(A) = 2$$

$$\text{nullity}(A) = \# \text{ columns} - \text{rank}(A)$$

Ex:
(Section 2.4)

Balance



3 equations:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Fe:} \\ \text{S:} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} w = 2y \rightarrow w - 2y = 0 \\ w = z \rightarrow w - z = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} S: \\ D: \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} w = z \rightarrow w - z = 0 \\ 2x = 3y + 2z \rightarrow 2x - 3y - 2z = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc|c} w & x & y & z & \\ \hline 1 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 & -2 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$R_2 - R_1 \quad \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 & -2 & 0 \end{array}$$

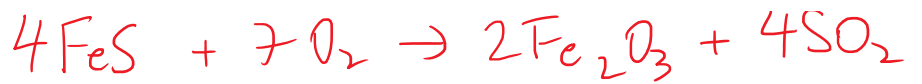
$$R_2 \leftrightarrow R_3 \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{R_2}{2} \quad \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{3}{2} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{R_3}{2} \quad \begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{3}{2} & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{array}$$

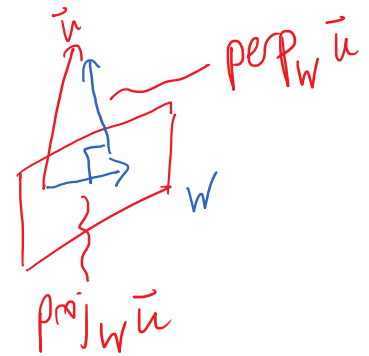
$$\begin{array}{l} R_1 + 2R_3 \\ R_2 + \frac{3}{2}R_3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{cccc|c} w & x & y & z & \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -7/4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{array} \quad R_1 + t$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} z = t \\ w = t \\ x = \frac{7}{4}t \\ y = \frac{1}{2}t \end{array} \right\} \text{non-negative integers}$$

$$\text{Choose } t = 4: \quad \begin{bmatrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$



Ex: $W = \text{span} \left(\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right)$
 (Section 5.2) Find the orthogonal decomposition
 of $\bar{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ with respect to W .



Notice that the basis for W is orthogonal

$$\text{proj}_W \bar{u} = \text{proj}_{\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}} \bar{u} + \text{proj}_{\begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}} \bar{u}$$

$$= \frac{45}{177} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{31}{41} \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\times \frac{41}{41}$ $\times \frac{77}{77}$

$$= \frac{1845}{3157} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{2387}{3157} \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3157} \begin{bmatrix} 19315 \\ -323 \\ 11070 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{proj}_W \bar{u} + \text{perp}_W \bar{u} = \bar{u}$$

$$\text{perp}_W \bar{u} = \bar{u} - \text{proj}_W \bar{u}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{3157} \begin{bmatrix} 19315 \\ -323 \\ 11070 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\times \frac{3157}{3157}$

$$= \frac{1}{3157} \begin{bmatrix} 2784 \\ 3480 \\ -4756 \end{bmatrix}$$

Optional check:

$$(\text{proj}_{w \bar{u}}) \cdot (\text{perp}_{w \bar{u}}) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$