

## INTEGRAL REVIEW

Evaluate:

a)  $\int \sin x \, dx$

$$= -\cos x + C$$

b)  $\int \cos x \, dx$

$$= \sin x + C$$

c)  $\int \sin(4x) \, dx$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \cos 4x + C$$

d)  $\int e^{2x} \, dx$

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^{2x} + C$$

$$e) \int \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$= \ln|x| + C$$

$$f) \int \frac{6x}{x^2+1} dx$$

$$= 3 \int \frac{du}{u}$$

$$= 3 \ln|u| + C$$

$$= 3 \ln|x^2+1| + C$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= x^2 + 1 \\ du &= 2x dx \\ 3du &= 6x dx \end{aligned}$$

$$g) \int \frac{1}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \int x^{-6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^{-5}}{5} + C$$

$$h) \int \frac{x^2}{(x^3+1)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{du}{u^4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int u^{-4} du$$

$$= -\frac{1}{9} u^{-3} + C$$

$$= -\frac{1}{9} (x^3+1)^{-3} + C$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= x^3 + 1 \\ du &= 3x^2 dx \\ \frac{1}{3} du &= x^2 dx \end{aligned}$$

## DERIVATIVE REVIEW

Find  $f'(x)$ :

a)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$

$$f'(x) = -2x^{-3}$$

b)  $f(x) = (x^3 + 1)^4$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 4(x^3 + 1)^3 \cdot 3x^2 \\ &= 12x^2(x^3 + 1)^3 \end{aligned}$$

c)  $f(x) = e^{6x}$

$$f'(x) = 6e^{6x}$$

d)  $f(x) = \ln(2x + 1)$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2}{2x + 1}$$

e)  $f(x) = \sin(4x)$

$$f'(x) = 4\cos 4x$$

f)  $f(x) = \cos x^2$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -\sin x^2 \cdot 2x \\ &= -2x \sin x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$g) f(x) = \tan(9x + 1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \sec^2(9x + 1) \cdot 9 \\ &= 9 \sec^2(9x + 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$h) f(x) = \sec(3x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \sec 3x \tan 3x \cdot 3 \\ &= 3 \sec 3x \tan 3x \end{aligned}$$

$$i) f(x) = \csc(2x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -\csc 2x \cot 2x \cdot 2 \\ &= -2 \csc 2x \cot 2x \end{aligned}$$

$$j) f(x) = \cot x^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -\csc^2 x^3 \cdot 3x^2 \\ &= -3x^2 \csc^2 x^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$k) f(x) = \sin^{-1} x$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$l) f(x) = \tan^{-1} x$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

## MIXED REVIEW

Evaluate:

a)  $\int e^{9x} dx$

$$= \frac{e^{9x}}{9} + C$$

b)  $\frac{d}{dx}[e^{9x}]$

$$= 9e^{9x}$$

c)  $\int \cos(2x) dx$

$$= \frac{\sin 2x}{2} + C$$

d)  $\frac{d}{dx}[\cos(2x)]$

$$= -2\sin 2x$$

$$e) \int \frac{5}{x} dx$$

$$= 5 \ln|x| + C$$

$$f) \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{5}{x} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} [5x^{-1}]$$

$$= -5x^{-2}$$

$$g) \int x e^{2x} dx$$

Integration by Parts

	D	I
(+)	$x$	$e^{2x}$
(-)	$1$	$e^{2x}/2$
	$0$	$e^{2x}/4$

$$= \frac{x e^{2x}}{2} - \frac{e^{2x}}{4} + C$$