

Math 191 Test Three

Time: 50 minutes

Total: 20 marks

Name: _____

1. [3 marks] Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$:

a) $y = \ln(x^9 + 1)$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{x^9+1} (9x^8) \\ &= \frac{9x^8}{x^9+1}\end{aligned}$$

b) $y = 2^{6x+1}$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= (\ln 2) 2^{6x+1} (6) \\ &= (6 \ln 2) 2^{6x+1}\end{aligned}$$

c) $y = \sin^{-1}(4x)$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(4x)^2}} (4) \\ &= \frac{4}{\sqrt{1-16x^2}}\end{aligned}$$

2. [4 marks] Use Simpson's Rule with four intervals to approximate $\int_3^7 \sqrt{1+x^2} dx$.
Give your answer to two decimal places.

$$\frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{7-3}{4} = 1 \text{ step size}$$

x	$y = \sqrt{1+x^2}$
3	$\sqrt{10}$
4	$\sqrt{17}$
5	$\sqrt{26}$
6	$\sqrt{37}$
7	$\sqrt{50}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Integral} &\approx \frac{b-a}{3n} [y_0 + 4y_1 + 2y_2 + 4y_3 + y_4] \\ &\approx \frac{1}{3} [\sqrt{10} + 4\sqrt{17} + 2\sqrt{26} + 4\sqrt{37} + \sqrt{50}] \\ &\approx 20.42 \end{aligned}$$

3. [3 marks] Evaluate $\int_1^2 (3x^3 + x^7) dx$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left[\frac{3x^4}{4} + \frac{x^8}{8} \right]_1^2 \\ &= 44 - \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{8} \right) \\ &= \frac{345}{8} \text{ or } 43.125 \end{aligned}$$

4. [3 marks] Find $\int (2x^3 + 1)\sqrt{x^4 + 2x} dx$

$$u = x^4 + 2x$$

$$du = (4x^3 + 2) dx$$

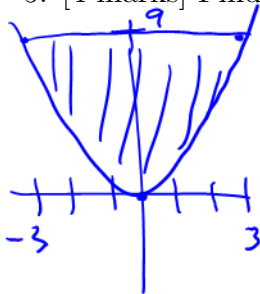
$$\frac{du}{2} = (2x^3 + 1) dx$$

$$\text{Integral} = \int \frac{\sqrt{u} du}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} u^{3/2} + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (x^4 + 2x)^{3/2} + C$$

5. [4 marks] Find the area bounded by $y = x^2$ and $y = 9$



$$y = y$$

$$x^2 = 9$$

$$x = \pm 3$$

$$A = \int (y_t - y_b) dx$$

$$= \int_{-3}^3 (9 - x^2) dx$$

$$= \left[9x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{-3}^3$$

$$= 18 - (-18)$$

$$= 36$$

6. [3 marks] Find the value of $f(t)$ when $t = 2$ given:

$$\frac{df}{dt} = 4t^3 \quad \text{and}$$

$$f(t) = 6 \quad \text{when } t = 1$$

$$f(t) = \int 4t^3 dt$$

$$f(t) = t^4 + C$$

Sub $f = 6$
 $t = 1$:

$$6 = 1 + C$$

$$C = 5$$

$$f(t) = t^4 + 5$$

$$f(2) = 21$$