

RELATED RATES

1. A 40-foot ladder leans against a wall, with its base sliding away from the wall at 2 feet/min. How fast is the height of the ladder changing when the base is 24 feet from the wall?
2. When a spherical balloon is inflated, its radius increases by 3 cm/s. At what rate is the volume changing when the surface area is 100π cm²?
3. How fast is the slope of the tangent line to $y = \frac{4}{2+5x}$ changing when $x = 2$ if x is increasing by 0.5 units/s?
4. Sand is filled into a large cone with radius 5m and height 10m to form a small cone of sand. If sand is filled at a rate of $10\text{m}^3/\text{s}$, at what rate is the sand's radius increasing when it is 2m?
5. ~~A man 1.8m tall walks with speed 2m/s away from a streetlight. If the streetlight sits atop a 5m pole, how fast is the tip of the man's shadow moving along the ground?~~

OMIT

5. See pages 7 and 8

24.4 Related Rates

Variables x, y, r etc. all depend on time

Ex: $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
 r depends on t
Find $\frac{dV}{dt}$

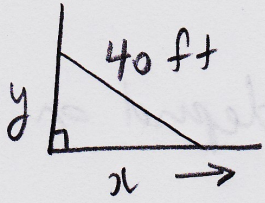
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dr} \frac{dr}{dt} \quad \text{Chain Rule}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

Ex: x and y depend on t
Find $\frac{d}{dt} [x^2 + y^2]$

$$= 2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt}$$

①



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2 \text{ ft/min}$$

rate of change of x w.r.t. time

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ?$$

positive because x is increasing

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ? \text{ when } x = 24 \text{ ft}$$

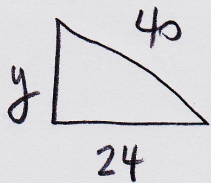
1) Equation

$$x^2 + y^2 = 40^2$$

2) Take $\frac{d}{dt}$

$$2x \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

3) Find any missing values



$$y^2 = 40^2 - 24^2$$

$$y = 32$$

4) Solve

$$2(24)(2) + 2(32) \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -1.5 \text{ ft/min}$$

negative because y is decreasing ✓

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{dr}{dt} = 3 \text{ cm/s}$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = ?$$

$$SA = 100\pi \text{ cm}^2$$

$$V_{\text{sphere}} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$
$$SA_{\text{sphere}} = 4\pi r^2$$

1) Equation

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

2) Take $\frac{d}{dt}$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{dv}{dr} \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = 4\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

3) Missing values ?

Given $SA = 100\pi$
 $4\pi r^2 = 100\pi$

4) Solve

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = 100\pi (3)$$
$$= 300\pi \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

Know all formulas from class:

V , SA of sphere etc.

③ $y' =$ slope of tangent line

$$\frac{d}{dt}[y'] = ? \quad x=2 \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = 0.5 \text{ units/s}$$

1) Equation

$$y = 4(2+5x)^{-1}$$

$$y' = -4(2+5x)^{-2} \cdot 5 \\ = -20(2+5x)^{-2}$$

2) Take $\frac{d}{dt}$

$$\frac{dy'}{dt} = \frac{dy''}{dx} \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$= y'' \frac{dx}{dt}$$

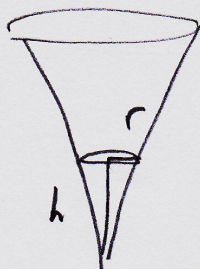
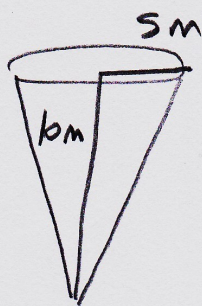
$$= 40(2+5x)^{-3} \cdot 5 \frac{dx}{dt}$$

3) Solve

$$\frac{dy'}{dt} = 40(12)^{-3} \cdot 5 (0.5) \\ \approx 0.06 \text{ units/s}$$

Note: slope has no natural units

4



$$V_{\text{con}} = \frac{\pi}{3} r^2 h$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 10 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \quad \frac{dr}{dt} = ? \quad r = 2 \text{ m}$$

1) Equation

$$V = \frac{\pi}{3} r^2 h$$

Similar triangles to eliminate h

$$\frac{10}{5} = \frac{h}{r}$$

$$h = 2r$$

$$V = \frac{2\pi}{3} r^3$$

2) $\frac{d}{dt}$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dr} \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 2\pi r^2 \frac{dr}{dt}$$

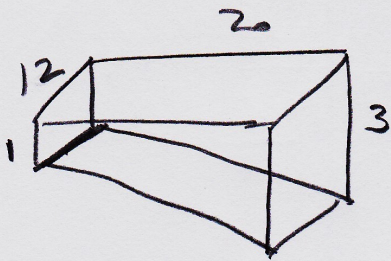
3) Solve

$$10 = 8\pi \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dr}{dt} = 0.4 \text{ m/s}$$

~~5~~ (5)

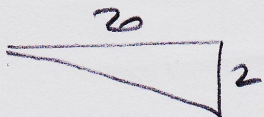
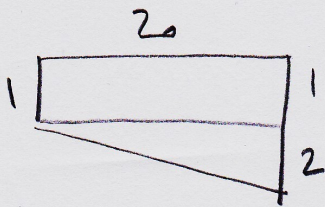
A $12\text{m} \times 20\text{m}$ swimming pool is filled at a rate of $4\text{ m}^3/\text{min}$. Ends are 1m and 3m deep, with a constant slope along the bottom. Rate of change of water depth when depth = 1.5m ?



$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 4$$

Let y = depth

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = ? \quad y = 1.5$$



Similar triangles

$$\frac{20}{2} = \frac{x}{y}$$

$$x = 10y$$

$V = \text{triangular area} \cdot \text{width of pool}$

$$= \frac{1}{2}xy (12)$$

$$= 6xy$$

$$= 60y^2$$

$$x = 10y$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 120y \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$4 = 120(1.5) \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} \approx 0.02 \text{ m/min}$$

