

6.1 Composite Functions

p. 1

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$$

"f composed with g"

Ex: Let $f(x) = x^2 - 5$ and $g(x) = x^3 + 1$. Find:

a) $(f \circ g)(x)$

$$= f(g(x))$$

$$= f(x^3 + 1)$$

$$= (x^3 + 1)^2 - 5$$

b) $(g \circ f)(x)$

$$= g(f(x))$$

$$= g(x^2 - 5)$$

$$= (x^2 - 5)^3 + 1$$

c) $(f \circ f)(x)$

$$= f(f(x))$$

$$= f(x^2 - 5)$$

$$= (x^2 - 5)^2 - 5$$

d) $(f \circ g)(1)$

$$= f(g(1))$$

$$= f(2)$$

$$= 2^2 - 5$$

$$= -1$$

$$\boxed{g(1)=2}$$

p.2

e) $(g \circ f)(1)$

$$= g(f(1))$$

$$= g(-4)$$

$$= (-4)^3 + 1$$

$$= -63$$

$$\boxed{f(1)=-4}$$

f) $(g \circ g)(1)$

$$= g(g(1))$$

$$= g(2)$$

$$= 2^3 + 1$$

$$= 9$$

$$\boxed{g(1)=2}$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$$

$$x \xrightarrow{\text{apply } g} g(x) \xrightarrow{\text{apply } f} f(g(x))$$

P.3

Domain of $f \circ g$:

x must be in the domain of g
and

$g(x)$

"

f

Ex: Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$

Domain of $f \circ g$?

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$$

x in domain of g : $x \neq 1$
and

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x-1} \text{ in domain of } f : \begin{aligned} \frac{1}{x-1} &\geq 0 \\ x-1 &\geq 0 \\ x &\geq 1 \end{aligned}$$

$x \neq 1$ and $x \geq 1$

$x > 1$

Ex: Let $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-3}$ and $g(x) = \frac{5}{x+1}$ p.4

a) Find $(g \circ f)(x)$

$$= g(f(x))$$

$$= g\left(\frac{1}{x-3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{\frac{1}{x-3} + 1}$$

$$= \frac{5(x-3)}{1+x-3}$$

$$= \frac{5(x-3)}{x-2}$$

Multiply by $\frac{x-3}{x-3}$

b) Domain of $g \circ f$

$$(g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x))$$

x in domain of f : $x \neq 3$
and

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-3} \text{ in domain of } g: \frac{1}{x-3} \neq -1$$

$$1 \neq -(x-3)$$

$$1 \neq -x+3$$

$$-2 \neq -x$$

$$x \neq 2$$

$$\boxed{x \neq 2, 3}$$

Ex: Find f and g so that

a) $(f \circ g)(x) = \sqrt{x^4 - 8}$

$$g(x) = x^4 - 8$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x)) = \sqrt{x^4 - 8} \quad \checkmark$$

b) $(f \circ g)(x) = (x^3 + 1)^8$

$$g(x) = x^3 + 1$$

$$f(x) = x^8$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x)) = (x^3 + 1)^8 \quad \checkmark$$

c) $(f \circ g)(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} + 3$

$$g(x) = x^2 + 1$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 3$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x)) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} + 3 \quad \checkmark$$